

HOUSE BILL REPORT

SB 5272

As Reported by House Committee On:
Natural Resources, Ecology & Parks

Title: An act relating to recodification of aquatic lands statutes.

Brief Description: Reorganizing aquatic lands statutes.

Sponsors: Senators Jacobsen, Oke, Doumit and Morton; by request of Commissioner of Public Lands.

Brief History:

Committee Activity:

Natural Resources, Ecology & Parks: 3/18/05, 3/24/05 [DPA].

Brief Summary of Bill
(As Amended by House Committee)

- Consolidates and updates the statutory language that governs the Department of Natural Resources' management of aquatic lands without making substantive changes.

HOUSE COMMITTEE ON NATURAL RESOURCES, ECOLOGY & PARKS

Majority Report: Do pass as amended. Signed by 10 members: Representatives B. Sullivan, Chair; Upthegrove, Vice Chair; Buck, Ranking Minority Member; Kretz, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Blake, DeBolt, Dickerson, Hunt, Orcutt and Williams.

Staff: Jason Callahan (786-7117).

Background:

The Legislature created the Department of Natural Resources (DNR) in 1957, and assigned to it the responsibility for managing the state's aquatic lands for the benefit of the public. The DNR manages over two million acres of tidelands, shorelands, and bedlands. This includes the beds of all navigable rivers and lakes, along with the beds below the Puget Sound.

The management of aquatic lands must support a balance of goals, including the encouragement of public access, the fostering of water-dependent uses, the utilization of renewable resources, and the generation of revenue. Revenues generated from the state's aquatic lands are generally directed to be used for public benefits, such as shoreline access, environmental protection, and recreational opportunities. Under current law, the DNR may

lease aquatic lands, and exchange state-owned aquatic lands for privately owned lands. The DNR may also accept gifts of aquatic lands.

Most of the structure that outlines the DNR's duties and responsibilities in regards to aquatic lands is codified in Title 79 of the Revised Code of Washington, which was last rewritten in 1982.

Summary of Amended Bill:

Statutes governing the DNR's management of aquatic lands are reorganized without substantive change. Non-substantive revisions eliminates outdated terms and antiquated provisions, creates gender neutrality, and regroups like subjects.

Amended Bill Compared to Original Bill:

Eliminates language that references passed dates and completed studies relating to marina lease rate calculations.

Appropriation: None.

Fiscal Note: Available.

Effective Date of Amended Bill: The bill takes effect 90 days after adjournment of session in which bill is passed.

Testimony For: This bill provides clarifications for the DNR without making policy changes.

Testimony Against: None.

Persons Testifying: Fran McNair, Department of Natural Resources.

Persons Signed In To Testify But Not Testifying: None.